IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

Listing of Claims:

Claims 1 to 8 (Cancelled).

Claims 9 to 12 (Cancelled).

Claim 13. (New).

An adsorption filter for fuel vapors from the tank container in particular of an internal combustion engine in particular of a motor vehicle, said filter being regenerable by desorptive countercurrent backflushing and in which the adsorptive and/or desorptive filter material has heat-storing substances comprised of phase change material (PCM material = phase change material),

wherein

- different phase change materials (7', 7") with individual phase change temperatures (conversion

temperatures) are provided, which are arranged one after the other in the direction of flow through the adsorption filter,

- the phase change materials (7', 7") are distributed in small units within the reactive filter material,
- the filter material is activated carbon, which
 is in the form of granules (6), whereby wax in
 the form of tiny sheathed beads combined to form
 larger pellets is added as a phase change material
 (7', 7") to the granules (6) of the activated carbon,
 whereby these pellets contains additional filler
 material having a good conductivity.

Claim 14. (New).

The adsorption filter according to Claim 13,

wherein the phase change temperatures of the different phase change materials (7', 7") increase in the direction of flow through the adsorption filter.

Claim 15. (New).

The adsorption filter according to Claim 13, wherein

- the adsorption filter comprises two interconnected chambers (1,2), whereby the chamber (1) is on the fuel vapor end, while the chamber (2) borders the fresh air end, so that the chamber (1) is upstream of the chamber (2) with respect to the direction of flow through the adsorption filter,
- in chamber (1) is arranged phase change material (7'), while in chamber (2) is arranged phase change material (7").

Claim 16. (New).

The adsorption filter according to claim 13,

wherein a mixture of phase change material (7'') having a relatively high phase change (conversion) temperature on the one hand and a phase change material (7') having a relatively low phase change (conversion) temperature on the other hand is used simultaneously in the end area of the filter on the fresh-air end.

Claim 17. (New).

The adsorption filter according to claim 15,

wherein the phase change material (7') used in the chamber (1) has a phase change temperature of approximately 30°C, while the phase change material (7"), which is in the chamber (2) has a phase change temperature of approximately 60°C to 70°C.

Claim 18. (New).

The adsorption filter according to claim 13,

wherein the filler material has a volume amount of approximately 5% to 15%.

Claim 19. (New).

The adsorption filter according to claim 15,

wherein the volume amount of the phase change material (7',7'') is approximately 20% with respect to activated carbon in both chambers (1,2).